and preparing the revised Inter State Seniority List are under the examination of the Central Government. Therefore, unless the final Inter State Seniority List of the Graduate Tutorial Cadre as on 1st November 1956 is finalised, it may not be possible to draw up a gradition list in respect of those appointed on and after 1st November 1956. In the meanwhile, particulars are being collected from the various unit officers to prepare a draft Gradation List. The list will be finalised soon after the revised I.S.S. list is published in the light of the judgement of the Suprem Court referred to above.

Callling Attention to the matters of urgent Public Importance

(i) re :—non-Payment of Salaries to teachers etc. at the marathi Training College, Vadagaon.

SRI B.B.SAYANAK (Belgaum).—I call the attention of the Minister for Education to the non-payment of salaries to the teachers and other employees of the Private aided institution viz., Marathi Training College, Vadagaon, Belgaum District,

SRI M. MALLIKARJUNA SWAMY (Minister for Education).—I wish to the make the following Statement.—

After the retirement of Sri V. M. Patkar, incharge Principal Marathi Teachers, Training Institute, Vadagaon, Belgaum, in June 1975, the management appointed one Shri. M.R. Gokhale as Principal without observing the rules of the Grant-in-aid Code for Primary Teachers Training Institutes The Deputy Director of Public Instruction, Belgaum, raised objection on the appointment of the Principal as it was not according to the conditions of Grant-in-aid Code. According to Grant-in-aid Code, the post of the Principal had to be advertised. The Management was informed on 25th October, 1975. to post the senior most Graduate Assistant as in-chaarge of the Institute till permanent arrangements were made as per the rules of the Uniform Grant-in-aid Code for filling up the post of the Principal.

SRI V.S. KULKARNI.—Is the senior most Graduate Assistant of the Institute. He has put in more than 20 years of service in the Marathi Training College, Vadagaon. He was appointed on 12-6-1954. Sri M. R. Gokhale (whom the Management has appointed as Principal), has put in at present less than five years of service in the Marathi Teachers Training College, Vadagaon. He was appointed on 14-6-1971.

As per Rule No, 21 of the Grant-in-aid Code for Teachers Training Institutions one should have at least a minimum teaching experience of five years in a recognised Pry. Teachers Training Institution and should be conversant with Kannada. Shri M.R.Gokhale does not fulfil the above conditions.

As a measure of discipline, the Deputy Director of Public Instruction, Belgaum, did not pass the salary bills of the teachers of theManagement which had failed to follow the Departmental Rules.The Government, in their letter No. ED 8 PTI 75 dated 29-12-1975, issued endorsement to the management that the management should fill up the post of the Principal within three months as per rules as otherwise the grants would be stopped.

In a copy of the letter dated 29-12-1975 addressed to the management, Government in No. ED 82 PTI 75 dated 29-12-1975 issued instructions to release grants on an ad-hoc measure immediately subject to the condition that the management filled up the post in accordance with the rules laid down in Grant-in-aid Code within three months.

Accordingly, the Deputy Director, Belgaum, was informed on 4th Feb. 1976 to release the salary grants with the above instructions A copy of the Memo has also been sent to the Management.

SRI B.B. SAYANAK.—Half of the statement made by the Hon'ble Minister is incorrect because according to the letter submitted to the Department on 5-6-1975. Sri V.M. Patkar, required on 31 5—1975 After the retirement of Patkar, Mr. Gokhale was not appointed as a Principal of the college and the post was advertised. But Mr. Gokhale is working as in-charge Principal of the College. Though there is a defference of opinion between the management and the Department, I would like to know why the teachers are made to suffer for seven months without disbursing their salaries.

SRI MALLIKARJUNASWAMY.—My statement is correct. In the first place I deny that half of my statement is incorrect and also because they have failed to fulfill the departmental rules, we had to take such a step.

SRI B.B. SAYANAK.—Last year there was an half hour discission on the Belgaum Marathi Training College. On 2nd April 75, I did not press for this half hour discussion because the Minister had called me and other officers of the Department to his chamber and he had told me that he would do justice to the Marathi Training College. Yet the Minister did not pass orders for the disbursement of the salaries of the teachers for seven months. Is it not a vindictive nature of this Government ?

SRI M. MALLIKARJUNASWAMY.—It is not with regard to the disbursal of the salary I had called a meeting but it was with regard to the appointment of the Principal.

SRI B. B. SAYANK.—In this connection I had sent a telegram on on 7th September 1975 as also to the Prime Minister and the Home Minister but you had no courtesy at least to send a reply to my telegram.

SRI M. MALLIKARJUNASWAMY.—that does not arise out of this question.

(ii) re : Elephant menace in Maleshankar Arsalu, Hosanagar Range Forest.

SRI S. M. SHEERNALY CHANDRASEKHAR (Hosanagar).—I call the attention of the Minister for Forest to the Elephant menace in Maleshankar Arsalu, Hosanagar range forest.

SRI C. N. PATIL (Minister for Forest).—I wish to make the following statement The forests in Maleshankar, Arasalu and Hosanagar from a contiguous belt fairly rich in wild life In the intetest of wild life conservation an area of 396 Sq. Kilo-metres of Forests here has been constituted as a wild life sanctuary during November, 1974. While normally in a contiguous belt of forests wild life whould confine itself to the forests area, in this zone because of encroachments over small extents within the forests particularly in spots with water facilities, the habitat of wild life is often disturbed. This induces wild life including elephants to stray into cultivation areas both within the forests and in the fringes.

During December, 1975, it had come to the notice of the Department that a few wild elephants had caused damage to the standing crop at Arasalu, Harohithlu and Basavapur villages. Immediately the elephants were driven away from the forests. Since then there has been no further damage due to wild elephants.

As damage due to wild elephants is inovitable in forest zones, Government have recently authorised the Forest Department to assess damages caused by wild elephants where it takes place and compensate for the loss upto a maximum of Rs. 1,000 in each case.

While to some extent the public can depend on the forest officials to scare elephants into the interior forests, the cultivators should also realise that if encroachments takes place in the forest area such damages are inevitable not only in the encroached area but also along the fringe of the forests

ಶ್ರೀ ಎಸ್. ಎಂ. ಶೀರ್ನಾಳಿ ಚಂದ್ರಶೇಖರ್.—ಇದು ಎನ್‌ಕ್ರೋಚ್ಡ್ ಏರಿಯ ಅಲ್ಲ. ಇವು ಅಕ್ಕುಯಿಲ್ಲಾಗಿ ನೂರಾರು ವರ್ಷಗಳಿಂದ ಇರತಕ್ಕ ಊರುಗಳು. ಇಂತಹ ಊರುಗಳಿಗೆ ಅನೆಗಳು ನುಗ್ಗಿ ಜನಗಳು ಅವುಗಳ ತುಳಿತಕ್ಕೆ ಸಿಗುವ ಪರಿಸ್ಥಿತಿ ಉಂಟಾಗಿದೆ. ಇದರಿಂದ ಈಗಾಗಲೇ ಮೂರು ಜನರು ಸತ್ತಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಅವರಿಗೆ ಪರಿಹಾರ ಏನಾದರೂ ಕೊಡುತ್ತಾರೋ ಇಲ್ಲ.